TOSHIBA Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC7WP3125FK, TC7WP3125FC

Low Voltage/Low Power 2-Bit Dual Supply Bus Buffer

The TC7WP3125 is a dual supply, advanced high-speed CMOS 2-bit dual supply voltage interface bus buffer fabricated with silicon gate CMOS technology.

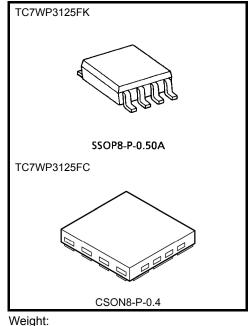
It is also designed with over voltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.  $\,$ 

Designed for use as an interface between a 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, or 2.5-V bus and a 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.6-V bus in mixed 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V or 2.5-V/1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.6-V supply systems.

The A-input interfaces with the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V or 2.5-V bus, the B-output with the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V bus.

The enable input  $(\overline{OE})$  can be used to disable the device so that the signal lines are effectively isolated.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.



Veight: SSOP8-P-0.50A : 0.01 g (typ.) CSON8-P-0.4 : 0.002 g (typ.)

### Features

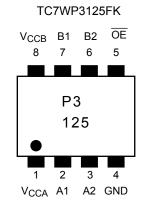
- Level converter for interfacing 1.2-V to 1.8-V, 1.2-V to 2.5-V, 1.2-V to 3.3-V, 1.5-V to 2.5-V, 1.5-V to 3.3-V, 1.8-V to 2.5-V, 1.8-V to 3.3-V or 2.5 V to 3.3-V system.
  - High-speed operation :  $t_{pd} = 6.8 \text{ ns} (\text{max}) (V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V})$ 
    - $t_{pd}$  = 7.8 ns (max) (V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.8 ± 0.15 V, V<sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 ± 0.3 V)
    - $t_{pd}$  = 8.6 ns (max) (V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.5 ± 0.1 V, V<sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 ± 0.3 V)
    - $t_{pd}$  = 22 ns (max) (V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.2 ± 0.1 V, V<sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 ± 0.3 V)
    - $t_{pd}$  = 9.5 ns (max) (V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.8 ± 0.15 V, V<sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 ± 0.2 V)
    - $t_{pd}$  = 10.8 ns (max) (V\_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.15 V, V\_{CCB} = 2.5  $\pm$  0.2 V)
    - $t_{pd} = 23 \text{ ns} (\text{max}) (V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V})$
    - $t_{pd}$  = 30 ns (max) (V<sub>CCA</sub> = 1.2 ± 0.1 V, V<sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8 ± 0.15 V)
- Output current :  $IOH/IOL = \pm 12 \text{ mA} \text{ (min)} (VCC = 3.0 \text{ V})$ 
  - $IOH/IOL = \pm 9mA (min) (VCC = 2.3 V)$
  - $IOH/IOL = \pm 3 \text{ mA} (min) (VCC = 1.65 \text{ V})$
- Latch-up performance: -300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $\geq \pm 200 \text{ V}$

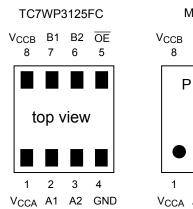
Human body model  $\geq \pm 2000 \text{ V}$ 

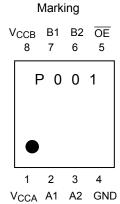
- Ultra-small package: CSON8(CST8), SSOP8(US8)
- Low current consumption: Using the new circuit significantly reduces current consumption when  $\overline{OE} = "H"$ . Suitable for battery-driven applications such as PDAs and cellular phones.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs.

Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

### Pin Assignment (top view)







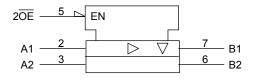
### Truth Table

Inputs		Output
ŌĒ	A1, A2	B1, B2
L	L	L
L	Н	н
Н	Х	Z

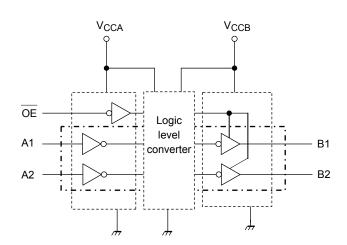
X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

# IEC Logic Symbol



### **Block Diagram**



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power supply voltage (Note 2)	V <sub>CCA</sub>	-0.5 to 4.6	V	
(Note 2)	V <sub>CCB</sub>	–0.5 to 4.6	v	
DC input voltage (An, OE)	VIN	–0.5 to 4.6	V	
DC output voltage	Maxim	-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 3)	V	
(Bn)	Voutb	-0.5 to V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5 (Note 4)	v	
Input diode current	lık	-50	mA	
Output diode current	I <sub>OK</sub>	±50 (Note 5)	mA	
DC output current	IOUTB	±25	mA	
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current per supply pin	I <sub>CCA</sub>	±25	mA	
De Veeground current per supply pin	I <sub>CCB</sub>	±50	ШA	
Power dissipation	PD	180	mW	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	–65 to 150	°C	

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

- Note 2: Don't supply a voltage to  $V_{CCB}$  pin when  $V_{CCA}$  is in the OFF state.
- Note 3: Output in OFF state
- Note 4: High or Low stats. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed.
- Note 5:  $V_{OUT} < GND, V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

#### **Operating Ranges (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CCA</sub>	1.1 to 2.7	V
(Note 2	) V <sub>CCB</sub>	1.65 to 3.6	v
Input voltage (An, OE)	VIN	0 to 3.6	V
Output voltage	Voutb	0 to 3.6 (Note 3)	V
(Bn)	VOULB	0 to V <sub>CCB</sub> (Note 4)	v
Output current		±12 (Note 5)	
(Bn)	IOUTB	±9 (Note 6)	mA
		±3 (Note 7)	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

Note 2: Don't use in  $V_{CCA} > V_{CCB}$ 

Note 3: Output in OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5:  $V_{CCB} = 3.0$  to 3.6 V

Note 6:  $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

Note 7:  $V_{CCB} = 1.65$  to 1.95 V

Note 8: VIN = 0.8 to 2.0 V, V<sub>CCA</sub> = 2.5 V, V<sub>CCB</sub> = 3.0 V

# **Electrical Characteristics**

# DC Characteristics (1.1 V $\leq$ V\_{CCA} $\leq$ 2.7 V , 1.65 V $\leq$ V\_{CCB} $\leq$ 3.6 V)

Characteristics	Currente e l	Test	Test Condition			Ta = -40~85°C		1.1
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CCA</sub> (V)	V <sub>CCB</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
				1.1≦V <sub>CCA</sub> <1.4	1.65 to 3.6	0.65× VccA	_	V
H-level input voltage	VIHA	VIN		1.4≦V <sub>CCA</sub> <1.65	2.3 to 3.6	0.65 × VccA	_	V
				1.65≦V <sub>CCA</sub> <2.3	2.3 to 3.6	0.65× VccA	_	V
				$2.3 \leq V_{CCA} \leq 2.7$	2.7 to 3.6	1.6	_	V
				1.1≦V <sub>CCA</sub> <1.4	1.65 to 3.6	_	$\begin{array}{c} 0.30 \times \\ V_{CC} A \end{array}$	V
L-level input voltage	V <sub>ILA</sub>	VIN	VIN		2.3 to 3.6	_	$\begin{array}{c} 0.30 \times \\ V_{CC} A \end{array}$	V
					2.3 to 3.6	—	$0.35 \times V_{CC}A$	V
				$2.3 \leq V_{CCA} \leq 2.7$	2.7 to 3.6	_	0.7	V
			$I_{OHB} = -100 \ \mu A$	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>CCB</sub> - 0.2	—	v
H-level output voltage	V <sub>OHB</sub> A <sub>r</sub>		$I_{OHB} = -3 \text{ mA}$	1.1 to 1.4	1.65 to 2.3	1.25	_	
			$I_{OHB} = -9 \text{ mA}$	1.1 to 2.3	2.3 to 2.7	1.7	_	
			$I_{OHB} = -12 \text{ mA}$	1.1 to 2.7	2.7 to 3.6	2.2	_	
			$I_{OLB} = 100 \ \mu A$	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6		0.2	
L-level output voltage	V <sub>OLB</sub>	∧ _\/	I <sub>OLB</sub> = 3 mA	1.1 to 1.4	1.65 to 2.3		0.3	v
	VOLB	$A_n = V_{IL}$	I <sub>OLB</sub> = 9 mA	1.1 to 2.3	2.3 to 2.7		0.6	
			$I_{OLB} = 12 \text{ mA}$	1.1 to 2.7	2.7 to 3.6		0.55	
3-state output OFF state current	I <sub>OZB</sub>	$A_n = V_{IHA}$ or $B_n = 0$ to 3.6		1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6	_	±2.0	μA
Input leakage current	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6	ν	1.1~2.7	1.65 to 3.6		±1.0	μA
	I <sub>OFF1</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> ,B <sub>n</sub> = 0 to	3.6 V	0	0		2.0	
Power-off leakage current	I <sub>OFF2</sub>	$\overline{OE} = V_{CCA}$		1.1 to 2.7	0		2.0	μA
	I <sub>OFF3</sub>	$A_n$ , $B_n = 0$ to	3.6 V	1.1 to 2.7	OPEN		2.0	
	I <sub>CCA</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{CCA}$ o	r GND	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6		2.0	
	I <sub>CCB</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{CCA}$ o	r GND	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6		2.0	
Quiescent supply current	I <sub>CCA</sub>	$V_{CCA} < V_{IN} \leq$	3.6 V	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6		±2.0	μA
	ICCB	$V_{IN}=V_{CCA}$ $V_{CCB} \leq B_{n} \leq$	3.6 V	1.1 to 2.7	1.65 to 3.6		±2.0	

#### AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, Input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns)

#### $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2$ V, $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	6.8	
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	8.7	ns
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	3.9	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)	_	0.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

#### $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15$ V, $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	7.8	
3-state output enable time $(\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	10.7	ns
3-state output disable time $(\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	5.2	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)	_	0.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

#### $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1$ V, $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	8.6	
3-state output enable time $(\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	14.3	ns
3-state output disable time $(\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	6.6	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)		1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

# $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ V, $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	22	
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	52	ns
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	18	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)	_	1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

#### $V_{CCA}$ = 1.8 $\pm$ 0.15 V, $V_{CCB}$ = 2.5 $\pm$ 0.2 V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	9.5	
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	12.6	ns
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	5.1	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)	—	0.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

### $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1$ V, $V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	10.5	
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	15.4	ns
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	6.4	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)	_	1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

# $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1$ V, $V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2$ V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	23	
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	54	ns
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	17	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)		1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

#### $V_{CCA}$ = 1.2 $\pm$ 0.1 V, $V_{CCB}$ = 1.8 $\pm$ 0.15 V

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(An \rightarrow Bn)$	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.0	30	
3-state output enable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	55	ns
3-state output disable time ( $\overline{OE} \rightarrow Bn$ )	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.0	17	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)	_	1.5	ns

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

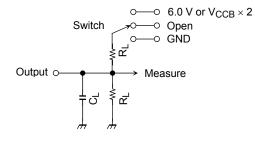
**Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)** 

Characteristics		Sympol	Test Circuit			Тур.	Unit
Characteristics		Symbol		V <sub>CCA</sub> (V)	$V_{CCB}(V)$		
Input capacitance		CIN	An, OE	2.5	3.3	7	pF
Output capacitance		C <sub>OUT</sub>	Bn	2.5	3.3	8	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	e (Note)	C <sub>PDA</sub>	/OE="L"	2.5	3.3	3	- pF
			/OE="H"	2.5	3.3	0	
		) C <sub>PDB</sub>	/OE="L"	2.5	3.3	13	
			/OE="H"	2.5	3.3	0	

Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:  $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/2$  (per bit)

# AC Test Circuit



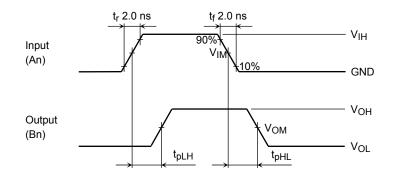
Parameter	Switch		
t <sub>pLH</sub> , t <sub>pHL</sub>	Open		
	6.0 V	@ V <sub>CCB</sub> =3.3±0.3V	
t <sub>pLZ</sub> , t <sub>pZL</sub>	$V_{CCB} \times 2$	@ $V_{CCB}=2.5\pm0.2V$	
		@ $V_{CCB}$ =1.8±0.15V	
t <sub>pHZ</sub> , t <sub>pZH</sub>	GND		

Symbol	V <sub>CCB</sub> (output)		
	$\begin{array}{c} 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V} \\ 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V} \end{array}$	$1.8\pm0.15~\text{V}$	
RL	500 Ω	1 kΩ	
CL	30 pF	30 pF	

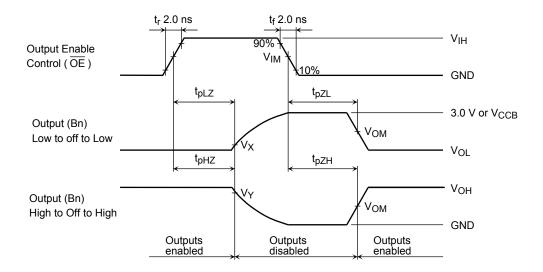
Figure 1

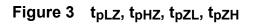
# **TOSHIBA**

# AC Waveform









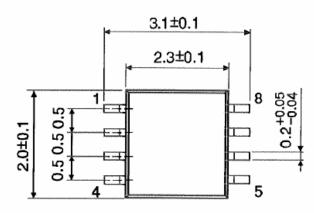
		V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub>			
Symbol		$3.3\pm0.3~V$	$2.5\pm0.2\;V$	$1.5\pm0.1~\text{V}$	
			$1.8\pm0.15~V$	$1.2\pm0.1\;V$	
Input	VIH	-	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	
	VIM	-	V <sub>CCA</sub> /2	V <sub>CCA</sub> /2	
Output	V <sub>OM</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> /2	V <sub>OH</sub> /2	-	
	VX	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	-	
	VY	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	-	

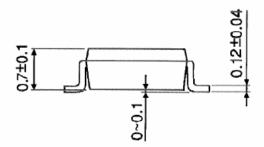
# **TOSHIBA**

# Package Dimensions

SSOP8-P-0.50A

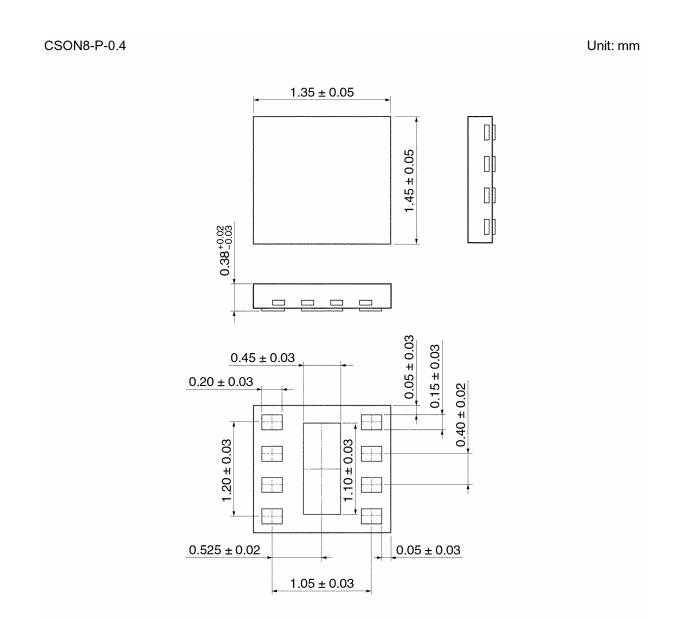
Unit : mm





weight: 0.01 g (typ.)

#### **Package Dimensions**



Weight: 0.002 g (typ.)

#### **RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE**

20070701-EN GENERAL

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.
- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.
  In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc.
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